



## **Whole-Building Hygrothermal Modeling in IEA Annex 41 Towards a new Annex?**

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# Whole-Building Hygrothermal Modeling in IEA Annex 41

→ Towards a new Annex?

Carsten Rode, Technical University of Denmark

DTU

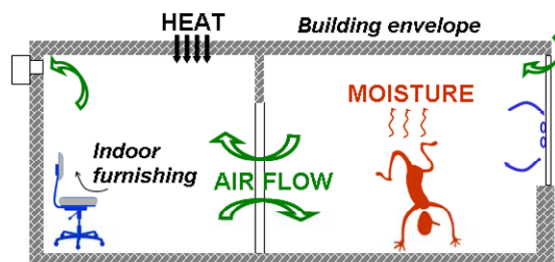
Champs Seminar - La Rochelle, France, July 8, 2008



CHAMPS Seminar, La Rochelle, July 8-9, 2008

## Whole BEE

*Whole building Environmental Engineering*



- Proposal for a new IEA Annex
- - or other international cooperative project

## A New Annex ?

Ongoing discussions:

- ...
- *IBPSA, Beijing (Sept. 07)*
- *IEA Annex 41, Porto (Oct. 07)*
- *Buildings X, Clearwater (Dec. 07)*
- *Nordic Building Physics, Copenhagen (June 08)*
- *Indoor Air, Copenhagen (Aug. 2008)*

## Presentation Outline

- IEA Annex 41 – the history
- Modeling whole building HAM
- What comes after IEA Annex 41?

# IEA Annex 41

## Whole Building Heat, Air and Moisture Response (MOIST-ENG)

Nov. 2003 - Nov. 2007

Subtasks:

1. Modeling principles and common exercises
2. Experimental Investigations
3. Boundary Conditions
4. Long Term Performance and technology transfer

## Past Progress

Past IEA HAM Activities:

- IEA Annex 14
  - Mould criteria, analysis
- IEA Annex 24
  - HAM theory, material properties, Environmental conditions, Durability & energy.
- IEA Annex 32
  - System approach
- IEA Annex 41
  - Whole building analysis

## Annex Participants

- British Columbia Institute of Technology
- Building Research Institute
- Centre de Thermique de Lyon
- Concordia University Montreal
- Centre Scientifique et Technique du Bâtiment
- Chalmers Tekniska Högskola
- Danmarks Tekniske Universitet
- Eidgenössische Materialprüfungs- und Forschungsanstalt
- Fraunhofer Gesellschaft
- Glasgow Caledonian University
- Kinki University
- Kungliga Tekniska Högskolan
- Katholieke Universiteit Leuven
- Kyoto University Japan
- Lund Tekniska Högskola
- National Institute for Land and Infrastructure Management
- National Research Council
- Norges Teknisk-Naturvitenskapelige Universitet
- Oak Ridge National Laboratory
- Pontificia Universidade Católica Do Paraná
- Slovenska Akademia Vied
- Danish Building Research Institute
- Sekisui House Corporation
- Sveriges Provnings- och Forskningsinstitut
- Technion Israel Institute of Technology
- Tohoku University
- Tallinn Technical School
- Tampereen Teknillinen Yliopisto
- Technische Universität Dresden
- Technische Universität Eindhoven
- Technische Universität Wien
- University College London
- Universidade Da Coruña
- Universidade Federal de Santa Catarina
- Universiteit Gent
- Université de La Rochelle
- University of Saskatchewan
- Universidade do Porto
- Technical Research Center

- Canada
- Japan
- France
- Canada
- France
- Sweden
- Denmark
- Switzerland
- Germany
- United Kingdom
- Japan
- Sweden
- Belgium
- Japan
- Sweden
- Japan
- Canada
- Norway
- United States
- Brazil
- Slovakia
- Denmark
- Japan
- Sweden
- Israel
- Japan
- Estonia
- Finland
- Germany
- The Netherlands
- Austria
- United Kingdom
- Spain
- Brazil
- Belgium
- France
- Canada
- Portugal
- Finland

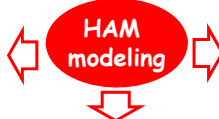
• 39 institutions

• 19 countries

## Objectives have been met by:

- **Theoretical** analysis
- **Computer model development**
- Application of **engineering tools**
- Benchmarking and **Common Exercises**
- **Parameter analysis** and making considerations about which details are important (and which not)

Extension of  
building component  
simulation tools



Improve **existing**  
building simulation tools  
(transfer in the envelope)

Combination of both

*IEA Annex 41 / Subtask 1 should not develop one common tool*



## Software used/developed

| Name                                    | Developer   | Main user in Annex 41                         | Availability                                   | Origin             | Possibility of adding new components | Remarks                              |
|---|---|---|--|--------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| BSim                                    | Danish Building Research Institute (Denmark)                          | Technical University of Denmark               | Commercial program                             | Energy             | No                                   |                                      |
| BUILDOPT-VIE                            | Vienna University of Technology                                       | Vienna University of Technology               | Research program                               | Energy             | -                                    | -                                    |
| Clim2000 3.2.0                          | EDF (Electricité de France)   | Centre de Thermique de Lyon - CETHIL (France) | Research program, not commercially available   | Energy             | Yes                                  | Core program on Unix workstations    |
| DELPHIN 4.5                             | TU Dresden, (Germany)   | TU Dresden                                    | Research program, commercial version available | Envelope           | No                                   |                                      |
| EnergyPlus v1.2.1                       | Department of Energy (USA)  | University College London, (UK)               | Freeware                                       | Energy             | Yes                                  |                                      |
| ESP-r                                   | ICA SAS (Slovakia)  | ICA SAS                                       | Freeware                                       | Energy             | Yes                                  |                                      |
| NPI                                     | ICA SAS (Slovakia)  | ICA SAS                                       | Research program                               | Envelope           | Yes                                  |                                      |
| IDA-ICE                                 | EQUA Simulation AB, (Sweden)  | Tallinn University of Technology, (Estonia)   | Commercial program                             | Energy             | Yes                                  | The code is open                     |
| HAMFitPlus                              | Concordia University, (Canada)  | Concordia University,                         | Personal Research program (F. Tariku)          | HAM whole building | Yes                                  | Requires Matlab/ Simulink and Comsol |
| HAMLab (Heat Air & Moisture Laboratory) | Eindhoven University of Technology (Netherlands)                      | Eindhoven University of Technology            | Freeware                                       | Energy             | Yes                                  | Requires Matlab/ Simulink and Comsol |
| HAM-Tools                               | Chalmers University of Technology (Sweden)                            | Chalmers University of Technology, CETHIL     | Freeware                                       | HAM whole building | Yes                                  | Requires Matlab/ Simulink            |
| PowerDomus                              | LBT at the Pontifical Catholic University of Parana - PUCPR, (Brazil) | PUCPR   | Not ready for distribution                     | Envelope           | No                                   |                                      |
| SPARK 2.01                              | LEPTAB, University of La Rochelle (France)                            | LEPTAB  | Freeware                                       | Energy             | Yes                                  | Possible couplings with EnergyPlus   |
| TRNSYS 16.00                            | University of Wisconsin, Madison, (USA)                               | University of Gent (Belgium) PUCPR, CETHIL    | Commercial program                             | Energy             | Yes                                  | Possible coupling with COMIS         |
| TRNSYS ITT                              | Solar Energy Lab (University of Wisconsin), TU Dresden, (Germany)     | TU Dresden, Germany                           | Research program                               | Energy             | Yes                                  | All features of TRNSYS available     |
| WUFI-Plus                               | Fraunhofer-Institut für Bauphysik, (Germany)                          | Fraunhofer-Institut für Bauphysik             | Commercial program                             | Envelope           | Yes                                  |                                      |
| Xam                                     | Kinki University, Japan   | Kinki University, Japan                       | Personal product by A. Iwamae                  | Energy             | No                                   | Personal use by the author           |



## Common Exercises

CE0 Cethil, France

Validation of thermal aspects of the employed models by repeating BESSES

CE1 DTU, Denmark

CE0 + moisture interactions between constructions and indoor climate

CE2 Tohoku University, Japan

Experimental data from climate chamber tests (airflow)

CE3 FraG, Germany

Double chamber test under real condition

CE4 CETHIL, INSA-Lyon, France

Extension of CE5 with focus on energy efficient moisture management

CE5 KUL, Belgium

Real life row house, documented moisture damage - growing complexity

CHAMPS Seminar, La Rochelle, July 8-9, 2008

## Common Exercises

**CE0**    Cethil, France

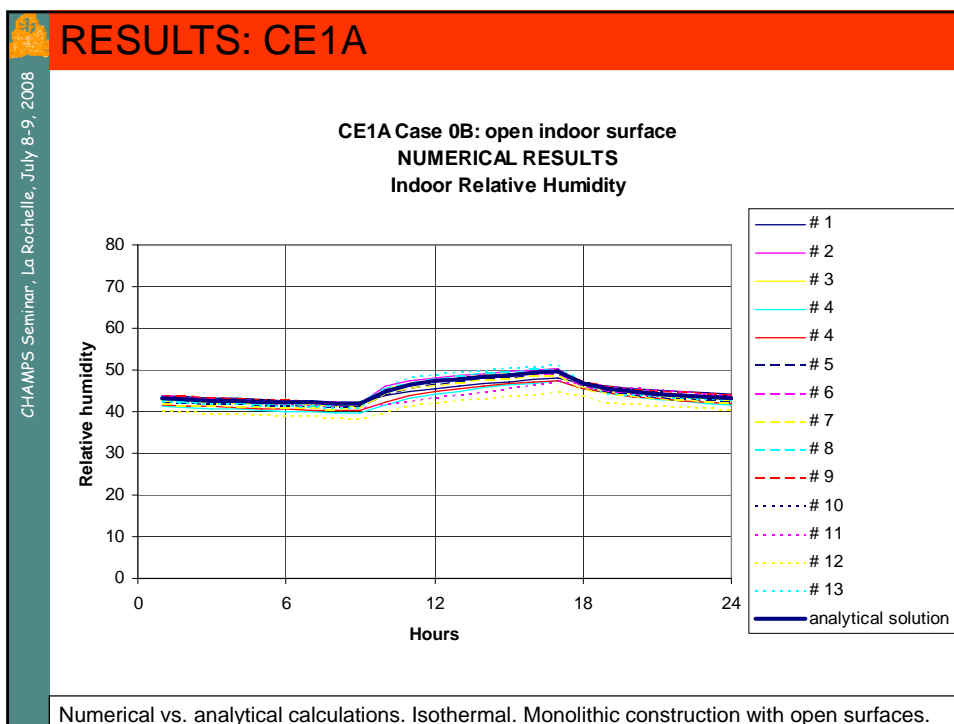
Validation of **thermal** aspects of the employed models by repeating BESTEST

**CE1**    DTU, Denmark

CE0 + **moisture interactions** between constructions and indoor climate

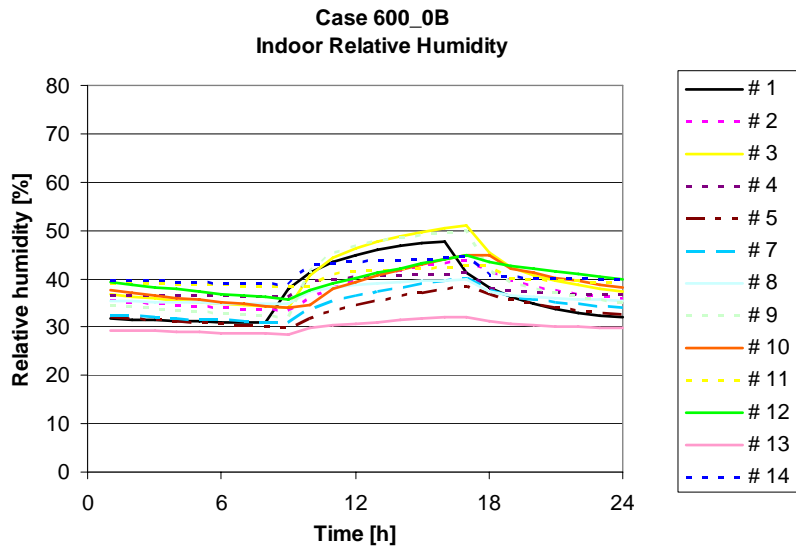
IEA SHC Task 12 & ECBES Annex 21

**BESTEST**





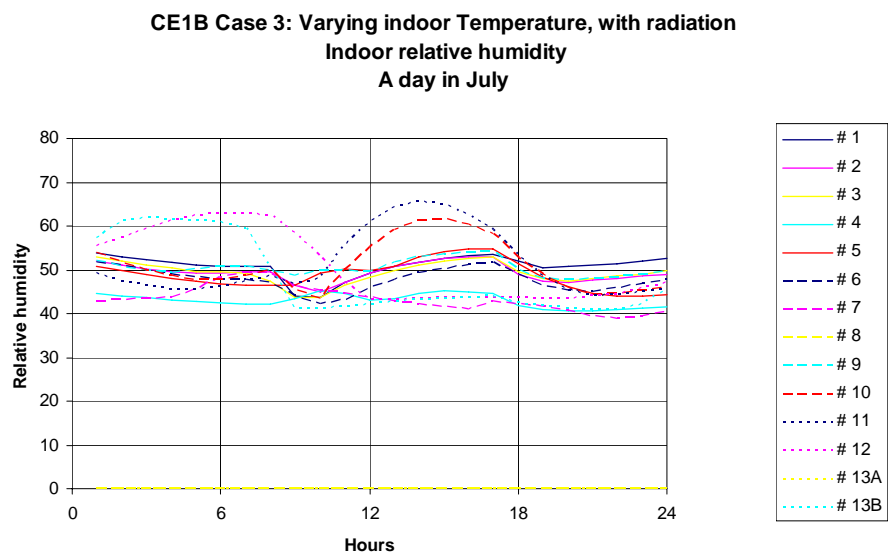
## RESULTS: CE1 600\_0B (RH indoor)



Analytical calculations. Isothermal. Construction surfaces are open.



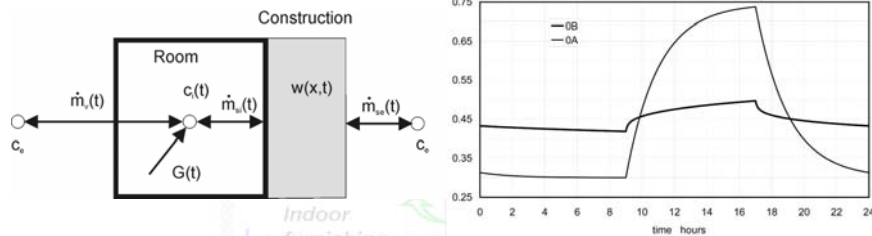
## RESULTS: CE1B Case 3 (indoor RH)



Numerical calculations. Varying indoor temperature. Monolithic construction. With solar gain.



## Analytical solutions - Moisture in rooms



Solution without moisture transfer to the construction

$$c_i(t) = c_e + \frac{G}{n \cdot V} + \left( c_{i0} - c_e - \frac{G}{n \cdot V} \right) \cdot e^{-n(t-t_0)} \quad t \geq t_0$$

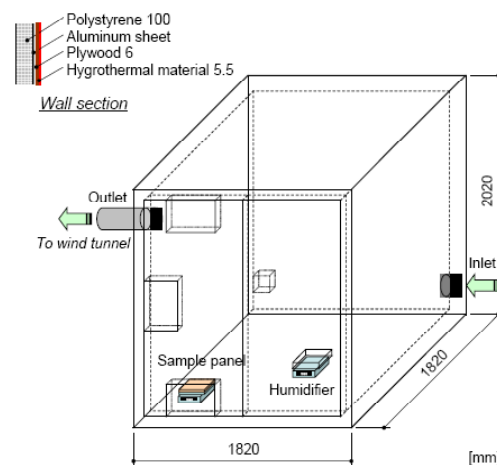
Solution with moisture transfer to the construction

$$c_n(t) = \frac{G_{0,n}}{R_a} \cdot \left( 1 - \left( 1 - \frac{d_s}{d_2} \right) \cdot e^y \cdot \operatorname{erfc}(\sqrt{y}) \right)$$

Bednar & Hagentoft

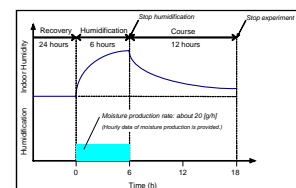
## Common Exercise 2

Based on experimental data from climate chamber tests at Tohoku University, Japan. The tests had known wall claddings and air flow conditions.



ding envelope

| Hygrothermal materials             | Target of ventilation rate [1/h] |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Case 2-1 all walls, ceiling, floor | 1.0                              |
| Case 2-2 floor                     |                                  |
| Case 2-3 one side of walls         |                                  |
| Case 2-4 3 sides of walls          |                                  |
| Case 2-5 ceiling                   |                                  |
| Case 2-6 none                      |                                  |



## CE2 - Some Results

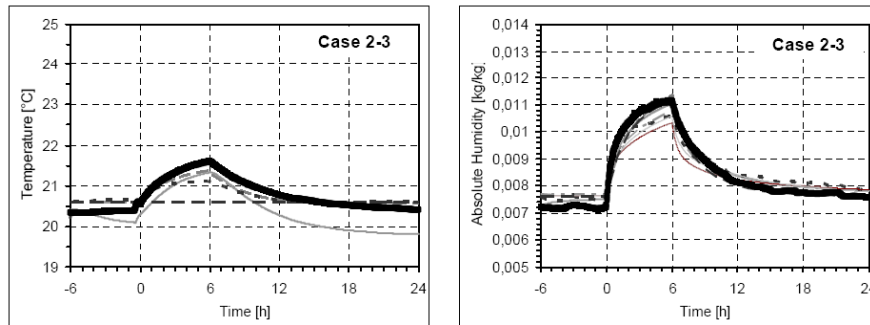


Figure 4.4.8 Comparison between measured values and simulation results (Case 2-3)

## Common Exercise 3

Based on double climatic chamber tests carried out by the Fraunhofer Institut für Bauphysik, Germany, using two identical chambers with different cladding materials.

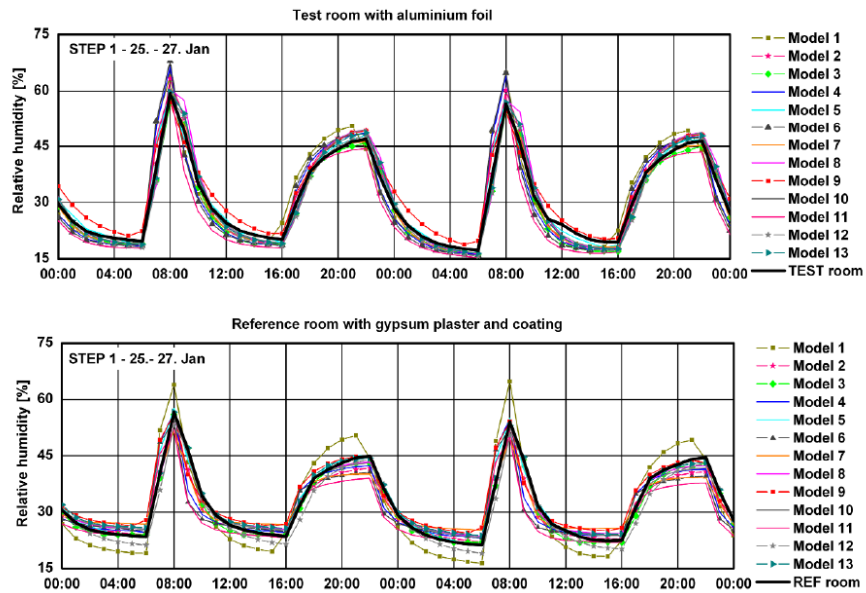
foil faced test room



reference room

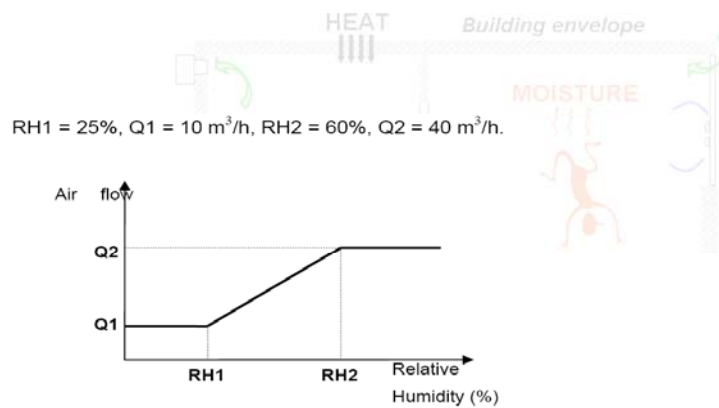


## CE3 - Step 1 - RH



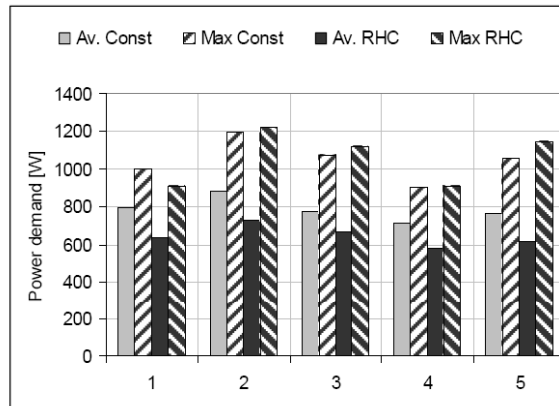
## Common Exercise 4

CE3 with RH controlled ventilation





## CE 4 - Power Demand



## Common Exercise 5

CE 2: Ba  
tests at  
wall clad

CE 3: Ba  
by the F  
two iden

CE4: C  
Extensio  
managem



ber  
town

d out  
Using  
rials,

ture

**CE 5.** Based on data from a real life row house located in Belgium. With some known indoor climate/moisture problems which also involve effects of adventitious airflow.

CE 2: Basic tests at To wall cladding

CE 3: Basic by the Fra two identical

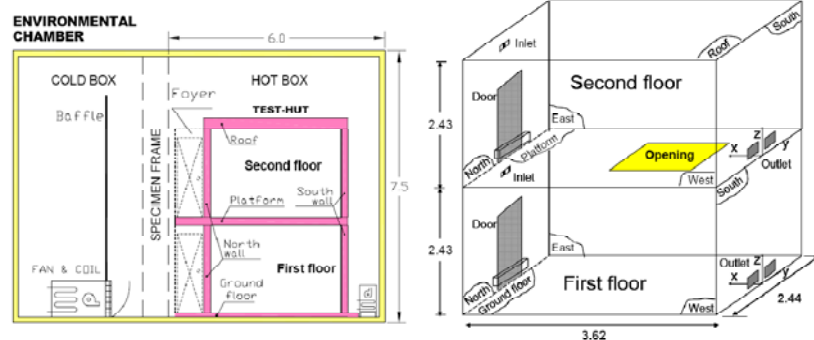
the chamber  
ve known

carried out  
any, using  
materials.

**CE 6.** A two-storey climatic chamber test carried out at Concordia University, Canada, has served as basis for this exercise.



## Common Exercise 6



Objective of the experimental study:

- to generate reliable datasets to advance the understanding of the whole building response to heat, air, and moisture (HAM),
- to validate ongoing and future numerical models

CHAMPS Seminar, La Rochelle, July 8-9, 2008

Annex 41 - Overview - Windows Internet Explorer

https://www.kubconen.be/ind/projects/annex41/protected/overview.php

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Microsoft Outlook Web Access Annex 41 - Overview x Stackare

Page 1 of 1

## Publications and Work Reports - Overview

[Add Publication](#)

| Meeting Report | Leuven |    |     |    | Zurich |    |     |    | Glasgow |    |     |    | Montreal |    |     |    | Trondheim |    |     |    | Kyoto |    |     |    | Lyon |    |     |    | Florianopolis |    |     |    | Porto |    |     |    | Reports |  |  |  |
|----------------|--------|----|-----|----|--------|----|-----|----|---------|----|-----|----|----------|----|-----|----|-----------|----|-----|----|-------|----|-----|----|------|----|-----|----|---------------|----|-----|----|-------|----|-----|----|---------|--|--|--|
| Subtask        | I      | II | III | IV | I      | II | III | IV | I       | II | III | IV | I        | II | III | IV | I         | II | III | IV | I     | II | III | IV | I    | II | III | IV | I             | II | III | IV | I     | II | III | IV |         |  |  |  |
| Aeroco         |        |    |     |    |        |    |     |    |         |    |     |    |          |    |     |    |           |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |      |    |     |    |               |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |         |  |  |  |
| BCTT           |        |    |     |    |        |    |     |    |         |    |     |    |          |    |     |    |           |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |      |    |     |    |               |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |         |  |  |  |
| BRJ            |        |    |     |    |        |    |     |    |         |    |     |    |          |    |     |    |           |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |      |    |     |    |               |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |         |  |  |  |
| CETHIL         |        |    |     |    |        |    |     |    |         |    |     |    |          |    |     |    |           |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |      |    |     |    |               |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |         |  |  |  |
| CON            |        |    |     |    |        |    |     |    |         |    |     |    |          |    |     |    |           |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |      |    |     |    |               |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |         |  |  |  |
| CSTB           |        |    |     |    |        |    |     |    |         |    |     |    |          |    |     |    |           |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |      |    |     |    |               |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |         |  |  |  |
| CTH            |        |    |     |    |        |    |     |    |         |    |     |    |          |    |     |    |           |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |      |    |     |    |               |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |         |  |  |  |
| DTU            |        |    |     |    |        |    |     |    |         |    |     |    |          |    |     |    |           |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |      |    |     |    |               |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |         |  |  |  |
| EMPA           |        |    |     |    |        |    |     |    |         |    |     |    |          |    |     |    |           |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |      |    |     |    |               |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |         |  |  |  |
| Fhg            |        |    |     |    |        |    |     |    |         |    |     |    |          |    |     |    |           |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |      |    |     |    |               |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |         |  |  |  |
| IGU            |        |    |     |    |        |    |     |    |         |    |     |    |          |    |     |    |           |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |      |    |     |    |               |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |         |  |  |  |
| KAU            |        |    |     |    |        |    |     |    |         |    |     |    |          |    |     |    |           |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |      |    |     |    |               |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |         |  |  |  |
| KTH            |        |    |     |    |        |    |     |    |         |    |     |    |          |    |     |    |           |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |      |    |     |    |               |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |         |  |  |  |
| KUL            |        |    |     |    |        |    |     |    |         |    |     |    |          |    |     |    |           |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |      |    |     |    |               |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |         |  |  |  |
| KYU            |        |    |     |    |        |    |     |    |         |    |     |    |          |    |     |    |           |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |      |    |     |    |               |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |         |  |  |  |
| LTH            |        |    |     |    |        |    |     |    |         |    |     |    |          |    |     |    |           |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |      |    |     |    |               |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |         |  |  |  |
| NILIM          |        |    |     |    |        |    |     |    |         |    |     |    |          |    |     |    |           |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |      |    |     |    |               |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |         |  |  |  |
| NRC            |        |    |     |    |        |    |     |    |         |    |     |    |          |    |     |    |           |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |      |    |     |    |               |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |         |  |  |  |
| NTNU           |        |    |     |    |        |    |     |    |         |    |     |    |          |    |     |    |           |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |      |    |     |    |               |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |         |  |  |  |
| ORNL           |        |    |     |    |        |    |     |    |         |    |     |    |          |    |     |    |           |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |      |    |     |    |               |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |         |  |  |  |
| PUCPR          |        |    |     |    |        |    |     |    |         |    |     |    |          |    |     |    |           |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |      |    |     |    |               |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |         |  |  |  |
| SAS            |        |    |     |    |        |    |     |    |         |    |     |    |          |    |     |    |           |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |      |    |     |    |               |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |         |  |  |  |
| Sbi            |        |    |     |    |        |    |     |    |         |    |     |    |          |    |     |    |           |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |      |    |     |    |               |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |         |  |  |  |
| ICAR           |        |    |     |    |        |    |     |    |         |    |     |    |          |    |     |    |           |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |      |    |     |    |               |    |     |    |       |    |     |    |         |  |  |  |

CHAMPS Seminar, La Rochelle, July 8-9, 2008

# Final Report:

**ANNEX 41, SUBTASK 1:  
MODELLING PRINCIPLES AND COMMON EXERCISES**

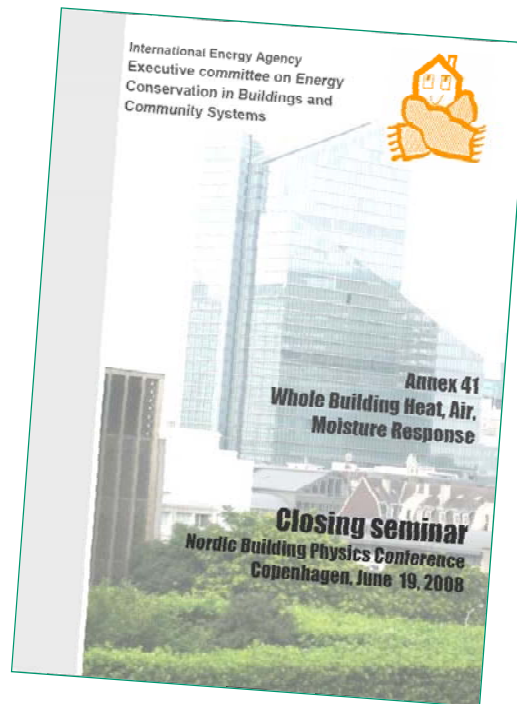
**Authors:** Monika Wronczyn, Carsten Rode

**with contributions from the scientific input:** Thomas Bredner, Carl-Erik Hagertoft, Anand Janssens, Angelo Cacci, Kostasidis and Michel de Faes

**for Common Exercises:** Jone Munerod, Ralf Peubert, Hiroshi Yoshino, Tetsuki Mizumura, Ken-ichi Hasegawa, Kristine Langkilde and Hugo Jans

**Reviewed by:** Peter Kottasovskiy, Carl-Erik Hagertoft and Nathan Meades

Annex 41 MCSE1-61V0 Subtask 1: Subtask 1 - Modelling Principles and Common Exercises



## A critical review of past/recent activity

- Good in 1D diffusion modeling
- Now getting better in capillary moisture analysis
- Very limited in air flow modeling (Fundamentals, System, and Sub-system effects)
- Very crude in whole building
- Crude in IAQ modeling

**Relation to Energy & Durability Limited**

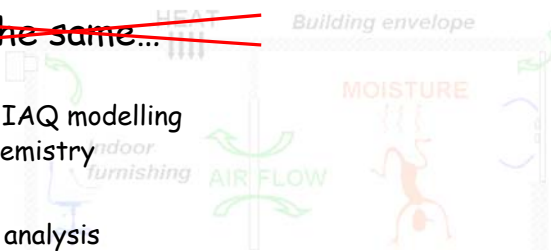
Achilles Karagiozis at IEA Annex 41 Closing Seminar, Lyngby, June 19, 2008

## A New Annex ?

What's next?

~~More of the same...~~

- Emission & IAQ modelling
- Surface chemistry
- Durability
- Stochastic analysis
- Risk assessment
- Generation of "damage functions"
- Impact of climate change
- Buildings for developing countries & their climates



## A New IEA Annex ?

### • *Energy !*

- *Internationally coordinated national initiatives (e.g. national centres of excellence)*
- *Industry funded activities*
- *EU-funded*
- *Combinations...*



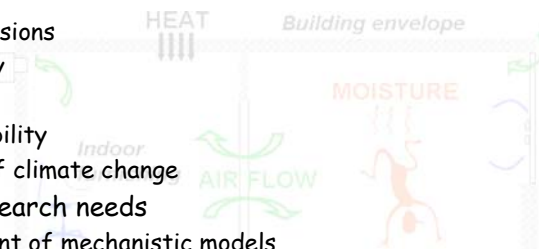


## Background of New Annex

- Existing models allow for the prediction of several aspects related to climatization of buildings including energy performance, building physics, thermal indoor climate, and to a limited extent indoor air quality.  
→ Integrated Design
- IEA Annex 41 one Whole Building Heat, Air and Moisture Transfer is coming to an end by the end of 2007. The project has been successful in stimulating a lot of new integrated model development on the building physics side.
- New endeavours in indoor environmental research and knowledge on the impact of materials (emissions) on the IAQ...
- There is a strong need to link the building physics activities to the IEQ activities.
- Prospect (in terms of energy and sustainability issues):  
It is necessary to tie in this knowledge in order to reach towards future goals of *passive / near zero energy consuming buildings* while still maintaining *good indoor climates for human activity, well-being and high productivity and learning*.

## Combined Heat, Air, Moisture & "Something"

- State of the art
  - HAM
  - VOC emissions
  - Durability
  - Energy
  - Sustainability
  - Impact of climate change
- Further research needs
  - Refinement of mechanistic models
  - Integration of current knowledge
  - Data
  - ...
- Scope for research
  - Application, modelling tool and targeted fundamentals



## Towards a future collaborative project – IEA Annex

December 2007

Document based on a call, Wednesday Dec. 5, 2007 at the *Building X* conference, Clearwater Beach, FL, USA.  
 Participants: Carlos R. Rasmussen, Adeline Kerpelmann, Andrew Hoke, Mikael Stenroos, Steven Tschudi, Wafik Elmaghrabi, Elia Salmador,  
 Kristian McNeil, and Caroline Rode. (Also communicated in the conference with Jim Cullen, David, Doreen, and Thomas Doreen).

## IEA Annex XX (title in preparation):

- Risk Assessment of Building Physics Performance (RABPP)
- Risk Assessment in Whole Building Environmental Engineering
- Whole Building Risk Assessment Tools

Efforts of energy efficiency improvement of the existing building stock and erecting new low energy buildings will be numerous in the near future. It is of great importance to reduce the future needs for heating (and cooling), reduce the CO<sub>2</sub>-emissions to approach more sustainable buildings and society. The existing building stock represents a main part of the total wealth in countries and should not be compromised by improper techniques that will lead to bad investment, deteriorating instead of improving the quality of buildings. New and existing single-family houses, apartment houses, industrial, institutional and governmental buildings are all in focus.

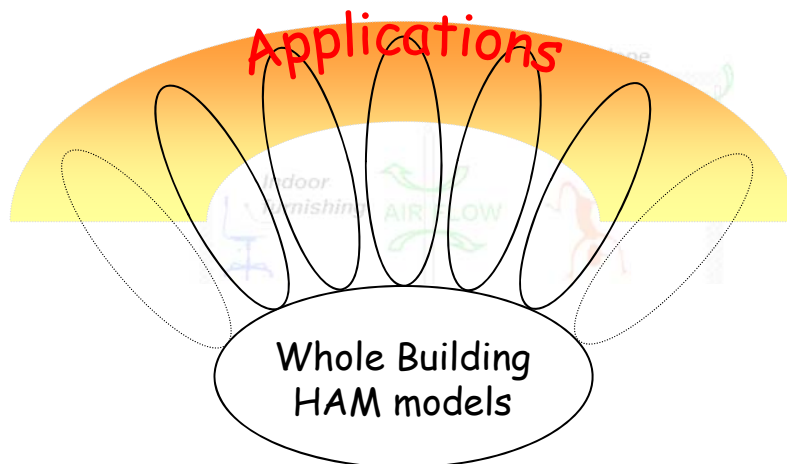
From the early 1970's, very often the reduction of the energy demand has been in focus. Additional thermal insulation of building components, air tightness of windows/new windows are examples where it can go very wrong, that is, if it is not combined with a hygrothermal analysis showing the consequences for moisture safety and indoor air quality. In a hygrothermal analysis of a building and its components, the air pressure differences and air movements that occur, must be coupled to the heat and moisture flows. Together these three coupled physical processes (HAM: Heat, Air, Moisture) create temperature and moisture conditions in the rooms and structures. From this, together with improper choice of materials, possible lack of durability, mould growth and poor indoor air quality might follow. Also the purpose of the measure, i.e. reducing the energy demand, can fail.

Work in IEA Annex 41 gives us new possibilities to predict the integrated hygrothermal performance of whole buildings. A future collaborative project will harvest on these new analytical possibilities in order to provide energy efficient, durable buildings with good indoor environments for the future. The scope will be for new as well as for retrofitted buildings: for commercial, institutional and for residential buildings. The need for such a project is accentuated by the societal need for highly energy efficient buildings. When we make future new energy-efficient buildings, or retrofitting existing ones, it is important that they are just as well performing in terms of durability and indoor air quality as they would be if tight energy conservation measures did not have to be imposed.

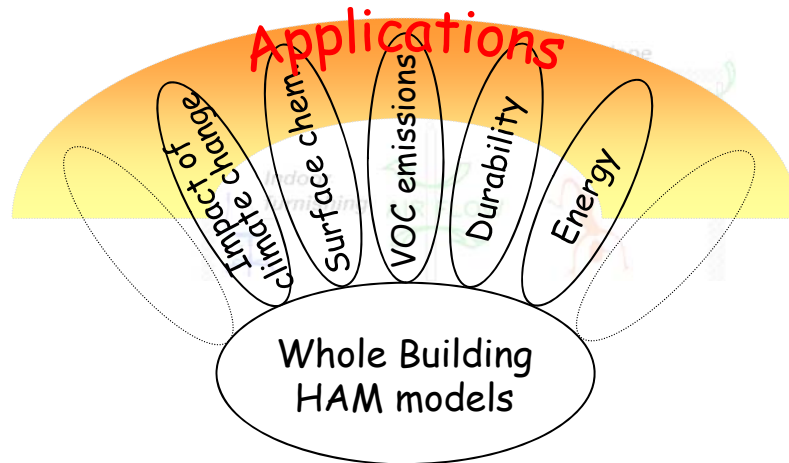
Still, there are quite a number of uncertainties involved when you look to how the buildings really perform. There is a lot of stochasticity involved in areas such as:

- material and component performance
- use of buildings
- climatic exposure.

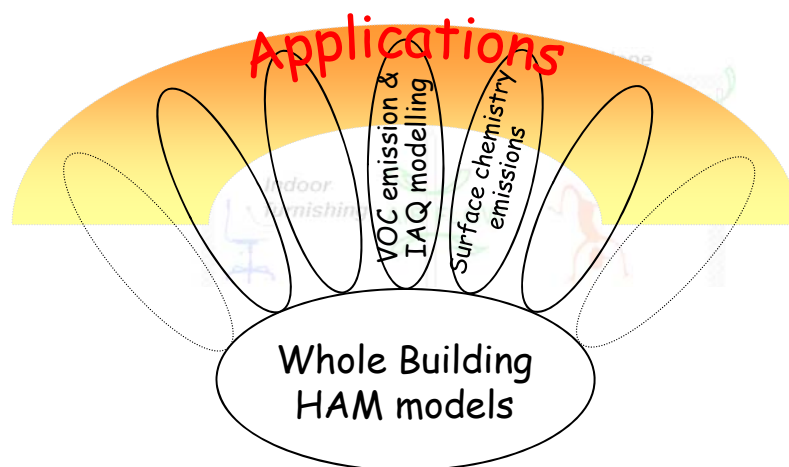
## Whole Building Environmental Modelling (Whole BEE)



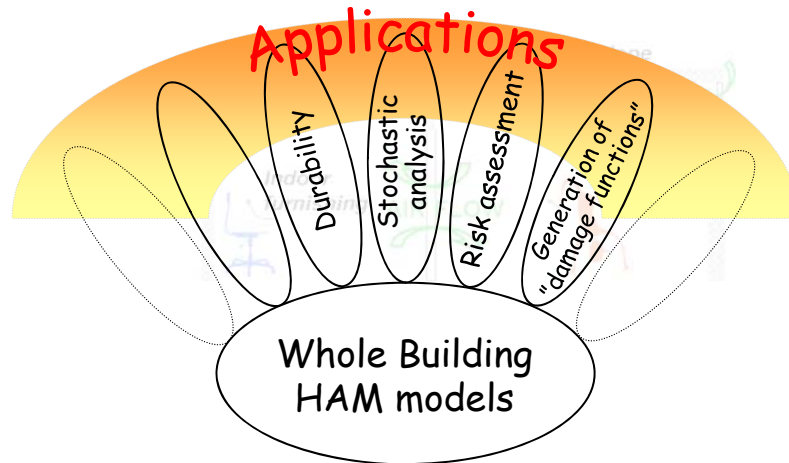
## Whole Building Environmental Modelling (Whole BEE)



## Whole Building Environmental Modelling (Whole BEE)



## Whole Building Environmental Modelling (Whole BEE)



## Need Multiple Annexes

- Statistical Analysis
- Risk Assessment
- Fill in the gaps
- Indoor Env. perf.
- HAM
- VOC / Surf chem.

ENERGY

ENERGY

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## Possible Funding / Framework

- IEA (nationally funded)
- EU
- National research foundations

